## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA (EC) No 1272/2008

# 1. Identification of Substance or Preparation Reference: BPL9

### 1.1 Product Identifier

Product name: Ceratex Aluminium Polishing Compound/BPL9

Product form: Mixture

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Vibratory & Barrel Finishing Compound

### 1.3 Emergency telephone number

Emergency contact number: (01282) 842900

### 2. Hazards Identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards: Not classified

Health hazards: H302 Harmful if swallowed, H315 Causes skin irritation, H318 Causes serious eye damage

Environmental hazards: Not classified

### 2.2 Label elements



Signal word: Danger

Hazardous ingredients: Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated (6EO), Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs, sodium

salts, sodium N-(2carboxyethyl)-N-(2-ethylhexyl)-β-alaninate, sodium N-

lauroylsarcosinate.

Hazard Statement: H302 Harmful if swallowed

H315 Causes skin irritation H318 Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statements: P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statement: P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

P301: IF SWALLOWED: Call doctor if feel unwell. (Do not induce vomiting).

P302: IF ON SKIN: Wash thoroughly with water.

P305: IF IN EYES: Irrigate thoroughly with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Consult doctor if any irritation persists.

### 2.3 Other Hazards

None known

# 3. Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical description: A wetted powder with wetting agents and lubricants. (Dust Free).

Dangerous Components	% Concentration	Cas No.	Supply Class with Risk No's.
Benzenesulfonic acid, C-10- 13-alkyl derivs, sodium salts	>=5 - < 30	68411-30-3	H302 Harmful if swallowed H315 Causes skin irritation H318 Causes serious eye damage
Citric acid, monohydrate	>=5 - < 15	5949-29-1	H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation
Alcohols, C-19, ethoxylated (6 EO)	>=5 - < 15	68439-46-3	H302 Harmful if swallowed H315 Causes skin irritation H318 Causes serious eye damage
Sodium N- lauroylsarcosinate	>=1 - < 5	137-16-6	H315 Causes skin irritation H318 Causes serious eye damage
Sodium N-(2carboxyethyl)- N-(2-ethylhexyl)-β-alaninate	>=1 - < 5	94441-92-6	H315 Causes skin irritation H318 Causes serious eye damage
Sodium hydroxide, caustic soda	<1	1310-73-2	H312 Harmful in contact with skin H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Name	Product II	D	Concentration Limits
Sodium hydroxide, caustic sod	a CAS no 13	310-73-2	(C=Corrosive) H319 Eye irrit – (0.5=< C <2) H315 Skin irrit - (0.5=< C <2) H314 Skin Corr 1B – (2=< C <5) H314 Skin Corr 1A – (C>=5)

### 4. First Aid Measures

**4.1 Description of Symptoms and Emergency Actions:** If feel unwell or symptoms persists seek medical advice (show label where possible)

**Skin Contact:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water, wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. If skin persists to irritate seek medical advice/help.

Eye Contact: Irrigate thoroughly with clean water for at least 15 minutes. (Consult with a doctor immediately)

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air and allow to rest in a comfortable position.

**Ingestion:** Give plenty of water to drink immediately, keep at rest and call doctor if symptoms persists. (Do NOT induce vomiting).

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Cause skin irritation

Causes serious eye damage

Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat Symptomatically

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

- **5.1 Extinguishing Media:** Foam, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide, Water spray & Sand. (Do not use heavy water stream)
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: No data cited

#### 5.3 **Advice for firefighters:** Wear Positive Pressure Breathing Apparatus.

Use water sprays or fog for cooling exposures.

Prevent contaminated water entering environment.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures (Spillages)

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate any unnecessary personnel.

Clean up crew wear appropriate PPE.

Ventilate area.

#### 6.2 **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to drains and ground water. (Notify authorities if it enters drains or water)

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.3

Collect wet material with inert material, store collected material away from other substances and materials.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Wear protective clothing as described in Sections 8.

#### 7. **Handling & Storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wash any exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work premises. (Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this product).

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool dry conditions, keep it in a well ventilated or air extraction zone when using product. Keep product in its original container.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Product uses identified in Section 1.2

#### 8. **Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

The Occupational Exposure Standards for respiration of Sodium hydroxide, caustic soda is 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> in the United Kingdom, measures as an 8 hour Time Weighted Average.

#### 8.2 **Exposure Control**

Appropriate engineering controls: Handle the product with good ventilated area.

Eve protection: Safety Glasses/Chemical goggles

Hand protection: Neoprene rubber gloves Respiratory protection: Dust filter BS2091 type 3

Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing

Other information: Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst handing this product.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical & Chemical Properties** 

Appearance: Colourless/Liquid

Ph as delivered: 2 - 3.5 Melting Point/Range: No data Flammability: Non – flammable

Vapour Pressure: Low as the product has a high boiling point

Odour: No data

Viscosity: Not applicable Flash point: 100 € (Closed up) Auto ignition temperature: No data Relative Density (SG): No data

Partition Co-efficient (n-octanol/water): None

# Solubility: Miscible in water, not soluble

### 9.2 Other information

None available

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not reactive

10.2 Chemical Stability

Chemically Stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None if stored and handled correctly

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids & Strong bases.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Fumes: Carbon monoxide & Carbon Dioxide

# 11. Toxicological information

(a) Acute toxicity : Oral: Harmful if swallowed. Inhalation: dust, mist: Not classified.

BPL9 Compound				
ATE CLP (oral)	1666,667 mg/Kg bodyweight			
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated (6 EO) (68439-46-3)				
ATE CLP (oral)	500,000 mg/Kg bodyweight			
Sodium hydroxide, caustic soda (1310-73-2)				
ATE CLP (dermal)	1350,000 mg/Kg bodyweight			
Citric acid, monohydrate (5949-29-1)				
ATE CLP (oral)	500,000 mg/Kg bodyweight			
Benenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs. Sodium salts (68411-30-3)				
ATE CLP (oral)	500,000 mg/Kg bodyweight			

(b) Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation/pH: 2-3.5 (1% aqueous solution)

(c) Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes eye damage/pH: 2-3.5 (1% aqueous solution)

(d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation : No data cited

(e) Germ cell mutagenicity : No data cited

(f) Carcinogenicity : No data cited

(g) Reproductive toxicity : No data cited

(h) STOT-single exposure : No data cited

(i) STOT-repeated exposure :No data cited

(j) Aspiration hazard. : No data cited

# 12. Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated (6 EO) (68439-46-3)	
EC50 Daphina 1	1-10 mg/l (24h; Daphina magna)
Sodium hydroxide, caustic soda (1310-73-2)	
EC50 Daphina 1	40,4 mg/l (48h; Ceriodaphina sp; Nominal concentration)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	40,4 mg/l (48h; Crustaceans; Warne, M.S.J and A.D.
	Schifko 1999, Toxicity of Laundry detergent
	components to a freshwater Cladoceran and their
	contribution to detergent toxicity. Ecotoxicol.
	Environ.Saf.44(2):196-206
Citric acid, monohydrate (5949-29-1)	
EC50 Daphina 1	85 mg/l (72h; Daphina magna; Anhydrous form)
EC50 Daphina 2	120 mg/l (Daphina magna; Anhydrous form)
Threshold limit algae 1	80 mg/l (192h; Microcystis aeruginosa; Anhydrous form)
Threshold limit algae 2	640 mg/l (168h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Anhydrous
	form)
Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate (137-16-6)	
Threshold limit algae 1	79 mg/l (72h; Desmodesmus subspicatus; Growth rate)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

12.2 I disistence and degradability	
BPL9 Compound	
Persistence and degradability	Not established
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated (6 EO) (68439-46-3)	
Persistence and degradability	No data cited
Sodium hydroxide, caustic soda (1310-73-2)	
Persistence and degradability	No data cited
Citric acid, monohydrate (5949-29-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in soil.
Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate (137-16-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential : Not relevant

12.4 Mobility in soil

Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate (137-16-6)		
	Surface tension	0.0405 N/m (20C; 2%; 0.0683 N/m; 20C; 0.001%)

12.5 Results of PGT and vPvB assessment : Not relevant

**12.6** Other adverse effects : Avoid release in to the environment.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Wastes generated & containment: Collect in containers labelled as hazardous industrial waste.

Methods of Disposal: By authorised contractor to licensed disposal site.

EEC/National Regulation Applying: UK Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 SI 1709.

# 14. Transport Information

**14.1 UN number** : Not classified as dangerous in terms of transport.

14.2 UN proper shipping name : Not relevant

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : Not classified as hazardous for transport.

14.4Packing group: Not relevant14.5Environmental hazards: Not relevant

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

## : Not relevant

## 15. Regulatory Information

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The data has been supplied and should be considered within the accordance of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health and Regulations (COSHH).

Other local special regulations must be adhered to when using this product, containing it or dispose of.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out on this product.

### 16. Other Information

**Training Advice:** Contact Ceratex Engineering Ltd.

**Data sources:** ECHA Article 59(10) of the REACH Regulation. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 453/2010

of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

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ISSUE NUMBER: 5 ISSUE DATE: 02/09/2015 REVISED: 1st January 2016